



COVID19 Simulation Case				
CHIEF COMPLAINT: Difficulty Breathing PATIENT AGE: 46 years WEIGHT: 58kg				
Case Authors	Manu Madhok, MD, MPH, Children's Minnesota Emergency Medicine David Larson, MD, EMPAC, Emergency Medical Physicians and Consultants Troy E Reihsen, 7-Sigma Simulation Systems (7S3)			
Setting	Community Emergency Department			
Brief narrative description of case	Lakeview clinic called in a potential COVID patient. He is a 45-year-old male who returned from Italy 2 weeks ago. He developed cold symptoms after returning. He called clinic because of fever today and not feeling well. He c/o general malaise, fever, and a loose productive cough. He states it has become increasingly more difficult to breathe over the last two hours. Patient comes in with wife in private car. She takes wheel chair to bring him in. Patient evaluated in ED with appropriate PPE and containment measures. Patient develops respiratory distress and needs admission.			
Primary Learning Objectives	 Directs and coordinates the activities of the other team members, assigns tasks, develops team shared mental model, and establishes a positive atmosphere. Discusses with DOH and Infection Control to obtain and coordinate resources for evaluation, testing and management, and share information/Identifies public health emergency issues and at-risk populations resulting from the scenario (if applicable) Adherence to appropriate universal precautions to limit the likelihood of contagious spread in the patient care environment, Implementation of contact isolation precautions, Ensures that Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) is present and available for healthcare staff caring for isolation patient Utilizes proper technique for isolation precautions particularly related to the following skills: Donning and doffing PPE Entry and exit of isolation room Practicing environmental disinfectant protocols 			

	 Practicing linen waste disposal protocols (if applicable) Conducting effective high acuity clinical care in the isolation space with either limited personal and/or limited space
	 Construct and implement initial medical management plan for an adult with respiratory distress in context of COVID19 Demonstrate focused history taking from a caregiver in context of COVID19, explain diagnosis and management to caregivers, coordinates admission with the Hospitalist, demonstrate teamwork and closed loop communication
Recommended Supplies	 Manikin: Adult (7-Sigma Simulation Systems) Moulage: Oral and nasal secretions using "7S3 Infectious Saliva" Manikin set up: Respiratory distress with coughing
	 Extremities available for peripheral IV placement attempts and intraosseous (IO) device access Equipment: airway equipment NPAs LMAs Oxymasks, nasal canula, Nebulizer supplies cuffed endotracheal tubes laryngoscope blades and handles BVM with appropriate sized masks ventilator IV supplies and tubing IO supplies
	 video laryngoscope (optional) Medications: Acetaminophen, Albuterol MDI, rapid sequence intubation (etomidate, ketamine, succinylcholine, rocuronium), sedation/analgesia (fentanyl, morphine, versed), Rocephin, Zithromax, Vancomycin, cardiac arrest medications (code cart – epinephrine, atropine, calcium chloride, amiodarone, lidocaine, dextrose 50%), IV fluids

Participants/Roles	Participants/Learners:		
	 Team lead MD/PA Airway (RT) 2 RNs Pharmacist (optional) ED tech ED registration 		
	Confederates		
	 Asks about evaluation for patient and risk of COVID. ask what's going on and what's going to happen. Does she need to be seen? Consultant/Infection control – can be the facilitator and provide phone consult if needed. 		
10 minutes lead time b	efore patient arrival		
Team Huddle			
Room preparation			
Donning			
Call Infection Control, review COVID resources,			
STAGE 1	Sitting in stretcher, c/o not feeling well. Has intermittent cough		
CRITICAL ACTIONS FOR STAGE 1:	 Team lead assigns roles and shares concern for COVID PPE before entering room Place patient on monitor and obtain full set of vital signs Oxygen, Obtain vascular access and order labs, Cxr Contact Infection control 		
Vital Signs	•Temp 39C • HR 88 • BP 110/50 • RR 20 • SpO ₂ 93% on room air		

Airway	No airway obstruction, copious nasal and oral secretions, no stridor.
Breathing	Coughing and shallow breathing at rate of 20 bmp. breath sounds with crackles
HEENT	4mm PEERL, no head or neck trauma. Nose and oropharynx with copious secretions.
Neck	No tenderness; no stepoffs, deformities or crepitus
Lungs	shallow respirations. Crackles bilateral
Cardiovascular	Regular rhythm, tachycardic. No murmurs. Palpable pulses with delayed (>4 sec) cap refill.
Abdomen	No tenderness/masses
Skin	Clammy, diaphoretic
STAGE 2	Develops respiratory distress
10 minutes	
CRITICAL ACTIONS FOR STAGE 2:	Identifies respiratory distress and escalates respiratory support, IV fluids and antibiotics, bronchodilators etc.
	Use N95 or PAPR for nebulizer treatment, Bipap or Intubation (MDI preferred over nebulizer)

	Determines need for admission				
	Communic transfer/ac	ates with Hospitalist and ensures co Imission	ontainment for		
Vital Signs	•Temp 39C				
	• HR 100				
	• BP 90/50				
	• RR 30				
	• SpO2 86% on room air				
EXAM CHANGES	• RR • Pat	30, wheezing tient grunting			
STAGE 3: REASSESME	NT AND DIS	POSITION			
CRITICAL ACTIONS FOR STAGE: O Disposition patient to the Inpatient service O Communicate effectively and compassionately with spouse O Doffing					
ROOM AND STAFF WILL BE SCANNED WITH WOODS LAMP FOR ANY RESIDEUES OF INFECTIOUS					
SALIVA.					
Support files: Labs and Chest X-ray					
BMP		СВС	Rapid Influenza		
Procalcitonin		Chest X ray	CRP		

- - - - - HEMATOLOGY PROFILE - - - - -13.1 High X 10e3/uL 4.0-11.0 White Blood Count Red Blood Count 4.50 X 10e6/uL 3.80-5.20 g/dL Hemoglobin 13.6 12.0-16.0 Hematocrit 41.6 8 35.0-47.0 MCV 92 fL 80-98 MCH 27-34 30 pq MCHC g/dL 33 32-36 X 10e3/uL 150-420 Platelet Count 299 RDW-SD 45.4 fL 36.5-46.3 RDW-CV 13.4 8 11.6-14.4 The above 10 analytes were performed by RMC Laboratory 500 S Maple, Waconia, MN 55387 - - - - - BASIC METABOLIC PANEL - - - - - -Sodium 140 mmol/L 136-145 Potassium 3.8 mmol/L 3.5-5.1 Chloride 101 mmol/L 98-107 Bicarbonate 28 mmol/L 21-32 9.4 mg/dL 8.5-10.1 Calcium 226 High mg/dL 74-100 Glucose Blood Urea Nitrogen 17 mg/dL 7-18 0.71 mg/dL Creatinine 0.51-0.95 mL/min/1.73me2 60-150 Estimated GFR >60 Individuals with an estimated GFR greater than (>) 60 l/min/1.73me2 are classified as having a lower risk for kidney disease. - - - - - C-REACTIVE PROTEIN - - - - - -C-Reactive Protein (CRP) 17.06 High mg/dL 0.00-0.33 The above 1 analytes were performed by RMC Laboratory 500 S Maple, Waconia, MN 55387 - - - - - PROCALCITONIN - - - - - -Procalcitonin 0.18 ng/mL 0.00-0.50 <0.5 ng/mL represents a low risk of severe sepsis and/or septic shock >2.0 ng/mL represents a high risk of severe sepsis and/or septic shock The above 1 analytes were performed by RMC Laboratory 500 S Maple, Waconia, MN 55387

Rapid Influenza neg

Portable Cxr



COVID Sorting Process—EDs

Primary Screening-Level 1 (In Lobby)

Exposure:	International Travel OR contact with confirmed CoVid-19 within the last	
	14-days.	
+	AND	
Symptoms:	Fever OR Lower Respiratory Symptoms (cough, difficulty breathing, etc.)	
	If screening is positive, mask & immediately place in regular room—if child has respiratory distress/requires nebs use Negative Airflow room	
	MASK respiratory patients waiting in lobby.	

Secondary Screening-level 2-3 (In Room)			
PPE	Screening Level & Testing		
Confirmed or suspected CoVid-19:	Level 2: History of travel from area affected geographic areas (CDC	Testing: **Reference Testing Algorithm	
Eye protection, surgical mask, gown & gloves	travel alert Level-2 or higher) within 14-days of symptom onset <i>OR</i> exposure to a group of patients with fever, cough or difficulty breathing	Collect all swabs at the same time and hold until needed to reduce exposure.	
Use N95 or PAPR and Negative Airflow rooms for aerosolized procedures (nebs, intubation, open suctioning)	AND Fever OR Lower Respiratory Symptoms (cough, difficulty breathing, etc.)	Use inhalers whenever possible	
	Level 3: Pneumonia/ARDS of unknown etiology <i>AND</i> Negative Respiratory Pathogen Testing (ie: influenza, respiratory panel)	 CoVid-19 Testing (send- out) 	
	At any point in screening, if patient meets CoVid-19 testing criteria— collect swabs and alert IP. Y Place patient label on tracking form on charge nurse board.		